

Mixed/Global

Risk Level

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
- Risk			+ Risk			

Fund data

CNMV category:	Euro Mixed Fixed Income
CNMV number:	4182
CNMV reg. date:	2009/11/27
Registered office:	Spain
Custodian:	CECABANK
Valuation frequency:	Daily

Data Class

CNMV registration date:	2012/03/16
Net asset value at 2021/12/02:	7,3082 EUR
ISIN:	ES0145458008
Bloomberg code:	FCAITER SM
Management fee:	0,725%
Custody fee:	0,075%
Minimum entry:	150.000 EUR
Minimum to maintain:	6 EUR

2021/12/02	Fund	Class
Total assets (EUR million)	442,02	353,45
Participants	2.682	2.234

Risk and Performance

Non-complex fund.

Main risks: market risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, currency risk, risks stemming from investment in derivative financial instruments and investment in emerging markets.

Historical risk information

1 year	Class
One-year Volatility at 2021/12/02	1,81%

Investment Policy

Equities exposure will range from 5% to 25%, mostly directly but also through CII. It may not invest in securities with low market capitalisation.

There is no pre-determined maximum exposure to fixed income assets and public and private money market instruments, although there will be a 10% limit for convertible bonds. The portfolio's average holding period will be 0 to 5 years. Assets with low credit ratings (BB+ or below) shall comprise 10% at the most, while the remainder will hold average (BBB- to BBB+) and/or high (at least A) credit ratings.

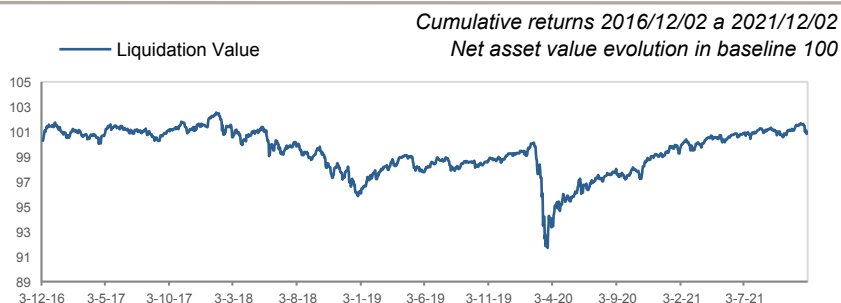
Exposure to non-euro zone entities, plus exposure to currency risk, shall not exceed 30%. It may invest in all global markets, including emerging markets.

The recommended time horizon is 4 years.

The full content of the investment policy can be found in the prospectus and in the key investor information document (KIID) available on the website www.caixabank.es, along with all other legal documentation, and on file with the CNMV (www.cnmv.es)

THIS FUND CAN INVEST PERCENTAGE UP TO 10% IN FIXED-INCOME ISSUANCES WITH LOW CREDIT RATINGS, THIS IS, WITH HIGH CREDIT RISK.

Historic returns



Cumulative returns (%)

	1 month	3 months	6 months	1 year	APR 3 years	APR 5 years
Class	-0,36%	-0,31%	0,24%	1,89%	1,02%	0,12%

Cumulative and Annual returns (%)

	YTD*	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Class	1,52%	0,33%	2,97%	-5,12%	0,03%	1,13%

(*) Cumulative returns of the current year

Performance and Risk Statistics 5 years from 2016/12/02 to 2021/12/02

APR	Best Month	Worst Month	Nº Positive Months	Nº Negative Months	Highest Drop	Recovery Days*
0,12%	1,92%	-3,65%	36	24	-10,60%	Pending

(*) Number of days elapsed to recover the maximum fall

Details of indirect fees charged are provided in the Fund prospectus.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.



NRI:

Mixed/Global

Risk Level



Investment Process

The International and Private Banking Mutual Funds team is responsible for planning the first phase of the distribution of ALBUS and ITER assets.

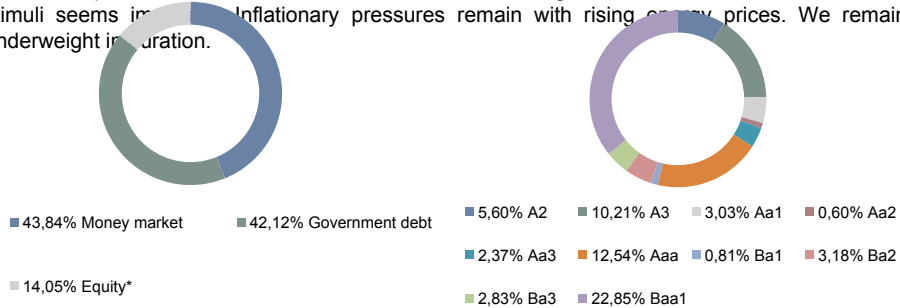
In the second phase, these decisions will be implemented by selecting the most appropriate individual assets, drawing on all of the human and technical resources of CaixaBank AM. This will be supported by the fixed income, equities, alternative investment, fund selection and ETF selection management teams. The end result will be a portfolio with a top-down vision of asset distribution and a bottom-up vision of asset selection.

Manager comment

Despite October being a month commonly characterised by corrections in the stock markets, this year we saw widespread rises with the exception of Japan. The catalyst has been the publication of corporate financial results for the third quarter with nice surprises on both sides of the Atlantic. The S&P 500 closed the month setting new all-time highs and there were also highs for the year in Europe. The rises in emerging markets are more modest, with rises in Asia and falls in Latin America. The falls in Japan are linked to concerns about the elections.

We have slightly increased exposure to equity, with no significant changes in geographical distribution. In Europe we have increased the value bias by increasing the position in banking, while in the US we have reduced this in favour of indexed positions. We have maintained positions in the banking sector and in the "value" factor as the most relevant ideas, along with socially responsible investment. Despite the increase in bond yields, this month we have completed a rotation from "value" to "growth", meaning that our positions in the US have been somewhat lagging behind. In contrast, in Europe the positions in both banking and socially responsible investment have performed very positively. We have reduced our exposure to the US dollar.

In fixed income, the process of bond yield increases in Europe and the US continued during the first half of the month, although the movement was reversed in the second half. The ECB meeting resulted in a subtle change of message to suggest that the inflation target has not been reached as first expected and from the minutes of the Fed meetings, the start of the withdrawal of the stimuli seems imminent. Inflationary pressures remain with rising energy prices. We remain underweight in duration.

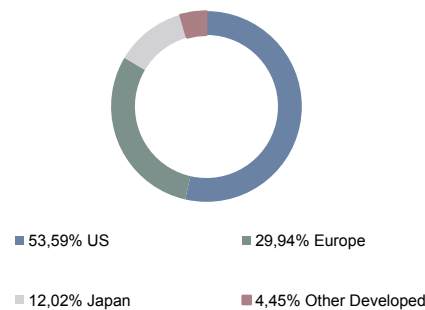


*Equities includes derivatives

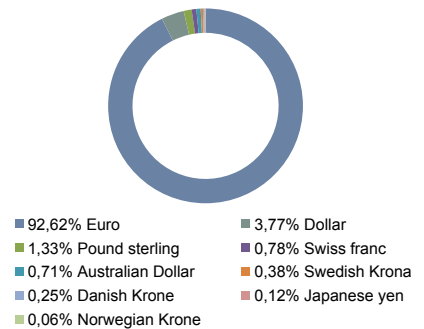
** The expressed % indicates the market neutral strategy for the fund management.

Duration on FI: 2,86

Weight by country



Exposición neta a divisa



Portfolio breakdown

Money market	49,58%	Equity	15,89%
Government debt	47,64%	Db X Trackers Msci Europe Tr	2,05%
France (Govt Of) 1,75%	3,61%	Ishares Edge Msci Usa Value	1,78%
Buoni Poliennali del Tes 5.5%	3,36%	Ishares Core S&P 500 Ucits E	1,40%
French Republic 0%	3,21%	Ishares Msci Europe Sri	1,40%
Buoni Poliennali del Tes 0.6%	2,53%	Ishares Msci Europe Ucits Etf	1,24%
Buoni Poliennali del Tes 1.2%	2,51%	Rest	8,02%
Rest	32,42%		
Private fixed income	-13,11%		

Fund management team

The fund management team comprises professionals dedicated solely to managing the Fund, with more than 15 years' experience in fund management. These professionals exhaustively analyse the market, handling the funds in the Elección range and profiled funds.

Information for customers before investing

The customer will receive: a basic prospectus or key information document for investors and latest six-month report.

Information for customers after investing

As a unit holder, the customer will receive by post, or by email on prior request, a statement showing the position of all his/her funds (once a month if transactions have been made or at year end if none have been made), a six-month report, an annual report and (on prior request) quarterly reports. The customer may expressly request not to receive these periodic reports.

Customer transactions

Customers must sign an order slip to perform a transaction. The slip serves as documentary accreditation of the order to buy or sell units or shares, placed by the unit holder with the Fund Promoter. In the case of online purchases, for all intents and purposes, inputting the password needed to perform the transaction will be treated as an order placed by the unit holder with the Fund Promoter. The customer will subsequently receive a receipt with details showing that the order has been executed.

Restrictions on sale

This product cannot be sold to US citizens or residents because it is not possible to comply with the obligation to register in that country the assets sold to its citizens.

Subscription and redemption procedure

Orders placed by a unit holder after 3:00 p.m. or on a non-trading day will be processed along with those placed on the next trading day. Fund Promoters can establish cut-off times that are different to and earlier than those generally established by the Management Company, providing the Fund Promoter duly notifies the unit holder of the cut-off times established.

Description of risks

Credit risk:

Investing in fixed income assets entails credit risk vis-à-vis the issuer and/or the issue. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer cannot repay the principal and interest when these are due. Credit rating agencies rate the solvency of some issuers/fixed income issues to indicate their probable credit risk. In general, the price of a fixed income security will go down if the obligation to settle the principal or interest is not fulfilled, if the rating agencies downgrade the credit rating for the issuer or issue, or if other news affects market perception of the credit risk. Issuers and issues with high credit ratings entail low credit risk, while issuers and issues with a medium credit rating entail moderate credit risk. A high level of credit risk is assumed if no rating is required for issuers of fixed income securities or if issuers or issues with a low credit rating are selected.

Risk of investment in emerging countries:

Investments in emerging countries may be more volatile than those in developed markets. Some of these countries may have relatively unstable governments, economies based on a limited number of industries, and securities markets on which few securities are traded. The risk of assets being nationalised or expropriated, and economic, political and social instability, are greater in emerging markets than in developed markets. Securities markets in emerging countries tend to have far lower trading volumes than a developed market, leading to a lack of liquidity and high price volatility.

Market risk:

Market risk is a general risk that results from investing in any type of asset. Asset prices depend especially on the status of the financial markets, and the issuer's economic performance, which, in turn, is affected by the general state of the global economy and economic and political circumstances in each country. In particular, investments carry the following risks:

•Market risk for investment in equities:

Deriving from fluctuations in the price of equities. The equities market is generally highly volatile and therefore the price of equities can fluctuate widely.

•Interest rate risk:

Variations or fluctuations in interest rates affect the price of fixed income assets. Increases in interest rates generally exert downward pressure on the price of these assets, while decreases in rates push up their price. The sensitivity of fixed income security prices to fluctuations in interest rates is greater the longer the security's term to maturity.

•Exchange rate risk:

Investing in assets in currencies other than the reference currency of the holding entails a risk stemming from fluctuations in exchange rates.

Sector or geographical concentration risk:

Concentrating a major part of investments in a single country or limited number of countries could involve assuming the risk of economic, political and social conditions in these countries having a significant impact on the returns on investment. Equally, the performance of a fund that concentrates investments in one economic sector or in a limited number of sectors will be closely linked to the performance of the companies in these sectors. Companies in the same sector often face the same hurdles, problems and regulatory burdens and, therefore, the price of their securities could fluctuate in a similar and more parallel manner to these or other market conditions. Consequently, concentration means that fluctuations in the prices of the assets in which investments have been made have a greater impact on the performance of the holding than if a more diversified portfolio is held.

Clarifications

The management fee indicated on the first page of this document is split between the Fund Manager and the Fund Promoter – the latter receiving the fee as a distribution fee, in fulfilment of the agreements entered into between these parties.

Taxation

No tax is levied on the sale of units when the amount received from the sale is transferred to another investment fund marketed in Spain. Only resident taxpayers can benefit from this provision.

Individuals: A personal income tax withholding will be charged on any gains obtained, as per prevailing legislation.

In the case of dividend funds, with no redemptions of units, said dividends being included in the savings tax base.

How non-resident individuals are taxed will depend on their place of residence and whether a treaty is in place with an information exchange clause, as per prevailing legislation.

Bodies corporate: Gains on redemption are recognised as taxable income for corporation tax purposes. In the case of dividend funds, with no redemptions of units, said dividends being included in the corporation tax base.

Taxation for this product will depend on each customer's tax regime and their individual circumstances, and could vary in the future.



Description of risks

Liquidity risk:

Investing in securities with limited capitalisation and/or in markets of a small size and trading volume can restrict the liquidity of the investments. This can have a negative effect on the price at which positions have to be sold, bought or changed.

Risk of investment in derivative financial instruments:

The use of derivative financial instruments to hedge cash investments also entails risks. These include the possibility of an imperfect correlation between the movement in the value of the derivative contracts and the hedged items, whereby the hedge may not be as effective as planned.

Investing in derivative financial instruments involves other risks in addition to those entailed in cash investments, due to the leverage factor. This makes them especially sensitive to fluctuations in the price of the underlying and could multiply the loss in a portfolio's value.

Trading in derivative financial instruments other than on organised derivatives markets involves additional risks. These include the risk of a counterparty breaching its obligations, since there is no clearing house acting as intermediary between parties to ensure that trades are settled.

Other risks:

Given its nature, the Fund is also exposed to other types of risk: operational risks (due to operational errors in managing or administrating the Fund), liquidity risk (due to potential losses on the portfolio because of having to unwind positions to make redemptions), management risk (as the portfolio's value is directly affected by the management thereof), fund turnover risk, fiscal risk, legal risk, etc.

Disclaimers

This document is for information purposes only. It is advertising information and should not be construed as any kind of investment offer, request or recommendation for the financial product(s) it is about.

The information contained in this document has been prepared by CaixaBank Asset Management SGIIC, S.A.U

Investors should decide about investing in and divesting from the funds based on the legal documents in force. The investments of the funds are subject to market fluctuations and other risks inherent in investing in securities.

Consequently the acquisition value of the Fund and the yields obtained can go down as well as up and investors may not get back the same amount they initially invested.

CaixaBank Asset Management, SGIIC, S.A.U., is the manager of the investment funds referred to in this document. CaixaBank Asset Management SGIIC, S.A.U., is a Spanish collective investment institution manager regulated by the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV) and registered in the CNMV's Collective Investment Institution Manager Register with number 15.

CaixaBank Asset Management SGIIC, S.A.U.,'s registered address is Paseo de la Castellana 51, Madrid, Tax ID (NIF) A-08818965. CECABANK, S.A. is the custodian for the funds and is registered in the corresponding CNMV register with number 236.

The marketer for the funds is CaixaBank, S.A., registered address Calle Pintor Sorolla, 2-4, 46002 Valencia, with Tax ID (NIF) A08663619, registered in the Valencia Company Register, Volume 10370, Folio 1, Sheet V-178351, and registered in the Bank of Spain's Special Administrative Register with number 2100.