

Fixed Income

Data Class

Risk Level 7 - Risk + Risk

Fund data Fund type: **UCIT.SICAV** g

| Release date: | 2015/10/02 |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Registered office: | Luxembourg |
| Manager: | CaixaBank AM |
| Custodian: | BNP LUX |
| Auditor: | Deloitte |
| Valuation frequency: | Daily |
| | |
| | |

| Type of class: | Accumulation |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Net asset value at 2024/01/29: | 9,7365 EUR |
| ISIN: | LU1529505197 |
| Bloomberg code: | - |
| Management fee*: | 0,450% |
| Custody fee*: | 0,000% |
| *annual % on fund assets | |
| Minimum entry: | 0 EUR |
| Minimum to maintain: | 0 EUR |
| Currency: | EUR |

| 2024/01/29 | Fund | Class |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|
| Total assets (EUR million) | 17,04 | 0,97 |
| Participants | 311 | 124 |

Risk and Performance

Non-complex fund.

Main risks: interest rate, credit, currency (exchange rate) and equities.

Historical risk information

| 1 year | Class |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
| One-year Volatility at 2024/01/29 | 1,27% |



Investment Policy

The fund invests in both public and private fixed-income issuances, traded in Eurozone markets or other OECD markets. The exposure in fixed income assets will be a maximum of 80%.

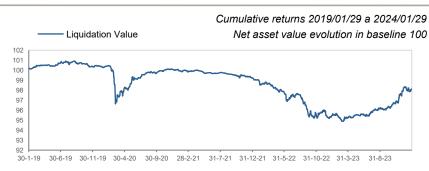
The average rating of the investments is BBB - , and may have exposure in high yield assets.

The duration of the portfolio will be a maximum of 3 years.

Exposure to currencies other than the Euro will be no greater than 10%.

A maximum of 10% can be invested in other funds.

Historic returns



Cumulative returns (%)

| | 1 month | 3 months | 6 months | 1 year | APR 3 years | APR 5 years |
|-------|---------|----------|----------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| Class | -0,17% | 1,70% | 2,32% | 2,75% | -0,57% | -0,41% |

Historical and Annual performance %

| | YTD* | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Class | -0,17% | 3,32% | -4,08% | -0,82% | -0,41% | 0,31% |
| | | | | (*) Cumulati | ve returns of th | he current vear |

Performance and Risk Statistics 5 years from 2019/01/29 to 2024/01/29

| APR | Best Month | Worst Month | N° Positive Months | N° Negative Months | Highest Drop | Recovery Days* |
|--------|------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| -0,41% | 1,14% | -2,54% | 29 | 31 | -5,99% | Pending |
| | | | (*) Number o | f davs elapsed | I to recover th | ne maximum fall |

Details of indirect fees charged are provided in the Fund prospectus.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.



Fixed Income

Risk Level 7 - Risk + Risk

Investment Process

The process of selecting and managing fixed income assets is based, firstly, on ongoing analysis of the macroeconomic situation and, secondly, on analysis of the countries, bodies and entities issuing the bonds or that influence the market. The key variables addressed include interest and credit risk. Once these risks have been determined, decisions are made as to how to implement them by "fixed income asset type". The portfolio structure is designed considering criteria such as the geographic and sector distribution of the securities. The distribution by maturities, degree of subordination and rating are also considered. Actively managed fixed income funds are monitored on a daily basis. The portfolios are subsequently adjusted to reflect changes in market conditions, expectations and prices.

Manager comment

November stood out for being one of the best-performing months for fixed income in recent years. This extraordinary performance was supported by a market that is increasingly convinced that the central banks have reached the end of their monetary policy tightening cycle. The inflation figures published during the month were surprisingly low, encouraging the view that the battle against inflation is being won. With inflation increasingly under control, the market has started to discount cuts in official rates in Spring of next year, which in turn is underpinning the performance of bonds. In addition, activity figures published show that the economy continues to resist, despite the tightening of financial conditions, encouraging the view that a soft landing is still possible. Against this backdrop, the German and US government indexes rose by 3% and 3.6% respectively, while the credit index rose by 2.3%.

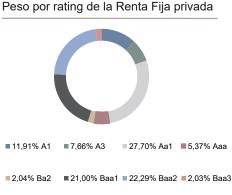
Active duration management. We increased the duration level to 2.3 years with purchases of 2year US government futures. Subsequently, given its extraordinary performance, we partially took profits from the purchases made taking the duration to 2.1 years at the end of the month. We have retained the strategy of steepening 2-5 in the euro curve.

Fund management team

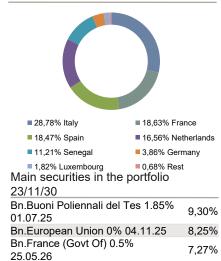
A stable team with extensive experience dedicated exclusively to managing fixed income assets. With an approach based on fundamental analysis, the team operates a fully integrated process combining top-down and bottom-up investment strategies, drawing on internal ideas and external analysis. The team members specialise by asset type: public and semi-public debt, covered bonds and corporate fixed income.







Distribución Geográfica



5,24%

5,08%

5,07%

3,48%

3,40% 3,39%2/4

2 210

15.11.24 Bn.France (Govt Of) 0% 25.03.25 Bn.Kfw 0.05% 30.05.24 Bn I Inicredit Sna 0 325%

Bn.Bonos y Oblig del Estado

Bn.Buoni Poliennali del Tes 4.5%

Bn.Bonos y Oblig del Estado 0%

Bn.Buoni Poliennali del Tes 1.45%

2.15% 31.10.25

01.03.24

31.05.25

The data presented on this page are dated 2023/11/30



Information for customers before investing

The customer will receive: a basic prospectus or key information document for investors and latest six-month report.

Information for customers after investing

As a unit holder, the customer will receive by post, or by email on prior request, a statement showing the position of all his/her funds (once a month if transactions have been made or at year end if none have been made), a six-month report, an annual report and (on prior request) quarterly reports. The customer may expressly request not to receive these periodic reports.

Customer transactions

Customers must sign an order slip to perform a transaction. The slip serves as documentary accreditation of the order to buy or sell units or shares, placed by the unit holder with the Fund Promoter. In the case of online purchases, for all intents and purposes, inputting the password needed to perform the transaction will be treated as an order placed by the unit holder with the Fund Promoter. The customer will subsequently receive a receipt with details showing that the order has been executed.

Restrictions on sale

This product cannot be sold to US citizens or residents because it is not possible to comply with the obligation to register in that country the assets sold to its citizens.

Subscription and redemption procedure

Orders placed by a unit holder after 3:00 p.m. or on a non-trading day will be processed along with those placed on the next trading day. Fund Promoters can establish cut-off times that are different to and earlier than those generally established by the Management Company, providing the Fund Promoter duly notifies the unit holder of the cut-off times established.

Clarifications

The management fee indicated on the first page of this document is split between the Fund Manager and the Fund Promoter – the latter receiving the fee as a distribution fee, in fulfilment of the agreements entered into between these parties.



Description of risks

Credit risk:

Investing in fixed income assets entails credit risk vis-à-vis the issuer and/or the issue. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer cannot repay the principal and interest when these are due. Credit rating agencies rate the solvency of some issuers/fixed income issues to indicate their probable credit risk. In general, the price of a fixed income security will go down if the obligation to settle the principal or interest is not fulfilled, if the rating agencies downgrade the credit rating for the issuer or issue, or if other news affects market perception of the credit risk. Issuers and issues with high credit ratings entail low credit risk, while issuers and issues with a medium credit rating entail moderate credit risk. A high level of credit risk is assumed if no rating is required for issuers of fixed income securities or if issuers or issues with a low credit rating are selected.

Risk of investment in emerging countries:

Investments in emerging countries may be more volatile than those in developed markets. Some of these countries may have relatively unstable governments, economies based on a limited number of industries, and securities markets on which few securities are traded. The risk of assets being nationalised or expropriated, and economic, political and social instability, are greater in emerging markets than in developed markets. Securities markets in emerging countries tend to have far lower trading volumes than a developed market, leading to a lack of liquidity and high price volatility.

Market risk:

Market risk is a general risk that results from investing in any type of asset. Asset prices depend especially on the status of the financial markets, and the issuer's economic performance, which, in turn, is affected by the general state of the global economy and economic and political circumstances in each country. In particular, investments carry the following risks:

Market risk for investment in equities:

Deriving from fluctuations in the price of equities. The equities market is generally highly volatile and therefore the price of equities can fluctuate widely.

•Interest rate risk:

Variations or fluctuations in interest rates affect the price of fixed income assets. Increases in interest rates generally exert downward pressure on the price of these assets, while decreases in rates push up their price. The sensitivity of fixed income security prices to fluctuations in interest rates is greater the longer the security's term to maturity.

•Exchange rate risk:

Investing in assets in currencies other than the reference currency of the holding entails a risk stemming from fluctuations in exchange rates.

Sector or geographical concentration risk:

Concentrating a major part of investments in a single country or limited number of countries could involve assuming the risk of economic, political and social conditions in these countries having a significant impact on the returns on investment. Equally, the performance of a fund that concentrates investments in one economic sector or in a limited number of sectors will be closely linked to the performance of the companies in these sectors. Companies in the same sector often face the same hurdles, problems and regulatory burdens and, therefore, the price of their securities could fluctuate in a similar and more parallel manner to these or other market conditions. Consequently, concentration means that fluctuations in the prices of the assets in which investments have been made have a greater impact on the performance of the holding than if a more diversified portfolio is held.



Taxation

No tax is levied on the sale of units when the amount received from the sale is transferred to another investment fund marketed in Spain. Only resident taxpayers can benefit from this provision.

Individuals: A personal income withholding will be charged on any gains obtained, as per prevailing legislation.

In the case of dividend funds, with no redemptions of units, said dividends being included in the savings tax base.

How non-resident individuals are taxed will depend on their place of residence and whether a treaty is in place with an information exchange clause, as per prevailing legislation.

Bodies corporate: Gains on redemption are recognised as taxable income corporation tax purposes. In the case of dividend funds, with no redemptions of units, said dividends being included in the corporation tax base.

Taxation for this product will depend on each customer's tax regime and their individual circumstances, and could vary in



Description of risks

Liquidity risk:

Investing in securities with limited capitalisation and/or in markets of a small size and trading volume can restrict the liquidity of the investments. This can have a negative effect on the price at which positions have to be sold, bought or changed.

Risk of investment in derivative financial instruments:

The use of derivative financial instruments to hedge cash investments also entails risks. These include the possibility of an imperfect correlation between the movement in the value of the derivative contracts and the hedged items, whereby the hedge may not be as effective as

Investing in derivative financial instruments involves other risks in addition to those entailed in cash investments, due to the leverage factor. This makes them especially sensitive to fluctuations in the price of the underlying and could multiply the loss in a portfolio's value.

Trading in derivative financial instruments other than on organised derivatives markets involves additional risks. These include the risk of a counterparty breaching its obligations, since there is no clearing house acting as intermediary between parties to ensure that trades are settled.

Other risks:

Given its nature, the Fund is also exposed to other types of risk: operational risks (due to operational errors in managing or administrating the Fund), liquidity risk (due to potential losses on the portfolio because of having to unwind positions to make redemptions), management risk (as the portfolio's value is directly affected by the management thereof), fund turnover risk, fiscal risk, legal risk, etc.

Disclaimers

This document is for information purposes only and is not considered to be an advertising activity pursuant to Rule 3.2 of the Spanish securities market regulator (CNMV) Circular 2/2020 on the advertising of investment products and services. It is merely a product information sheet and does not constitute any investment offer, application or recommendation for the financial product/s on which it contains information.

The information contained in this document has been prepared by CaixaBank Asset Management SGIIC, S.A.U

Investors should decide about investing in and divesting from the funds based on the legal documents in force. The investments of the funds are subject to market fluctuations and other risks inherent in investing in securities.

Consequently the acquisition value of the Fund and the yields obtained can go down as well as up and investors may not get back the same amount they initially invested.

CaixaBank Asset Management, SGIIC, S.A.U., is the manager of the investment funds referred to in this document. CaixaBank Asset Management SGIIC, S.A.U., is a Spanish collective investment institution manager regulated by the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV) and registered in the CNMV's Collective Investment Institution Manager Register with number 15.

CaixaBank Asset Management SGIIC, S.A.U.,'s registered address is Paseo de la Castellana 51, Madrid, Tax ID (NIF) A-08818965. CECABANK, S.A. is the custodian for the funds and is registered in the corresponding CNMV register with number 236.

The marketer for the funds is CaixaBank, S.A., registered address Calle Pintor Sorolla, 2-4, 46002 Valencia, with Tax ID (NIF) A08663619, registered in the Valencia Company Register, Volume 10370, Folio 1, Sheet V-178351, and registered in the Bank of Spain's Special Administrative Register with number 2100.